



Energy Poverty Management
Programme
of the Municipality of Glyfada – The
use of section 202 of 3463/2006 Act.

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MUNICIPALITY OF GLYFADA

Glyfada is a suburb situated in the southern parts of the [Athens](#)' Urban Area. The area stretches from the foot of the Hymettus Mountain to the Saronic Gulf. It is the largest southern suburb of Attica, with permanent population 87300



REFORMS AT A POLICY & LOCAL PRACTICE LEVEL



Theoretical and Legal framework.

- ☐ **The social services' development at a local level is recognized as a good practice in Europe for the well-being and the social integration of European citizens .**
- ☐ **Based on the international practice, local social services activities must have three main elements:**
 - ☐ **1. Providing services at vulnerable population groups (welfare benefits, etc)**
 - ☐ **2. Child protection (counseling, domestic violence etc)**
 - ☐ **3. Primary Prevention (Activities which promote physical and mental health of children, adolescents, and general population) .**

Section 202/ 3463 Act 2006

- In case of emergency, the city council may provide material or financial help, up to 500,00 per year to local residents who are in need, and face a case of emergency.
- How do we define need and ‘ emergency’?

Under certain criteria.

- One of the basic reforms of the **Local Self-Government Act 3852/2010**, is related with the improvement of QoL of citizens, taking into account issues of social protection, solidarity, education and culture.
- The needs assessment approach which incorporates **QoL indicators**, aims to **explore individuals' real needs and not just their needs in terms of services that the local authority has to offer**. It has also a proactive approach, through the implementation of programs, which are designed in accordance with services users' views and level of satisfaction from the existing community resources.

City Council Decision: 232/2015

- Local Residents the past 2 years
- Financial criteria
- House hold Annual Income < 6000,00 euros
- Health Status, Existing Disability.
- Social criteria

Children and families at risk

Long term unemployment

Socio demographic Indicators

- 59(%) were between 46 and 60 years.
- 33 male and 67 female.
- 59(%) had accomplished secondary education or had a University Degree.

Objective QoL & Sub-QoL Indicators

- **Employment:** 79(%) were unemployed for more than 6 months.
- **Income :** 78(%) had annually income less than 6000 euros (less than 500 euros per month). Mean SubQoL 1.74, the lowest among all other domains. (1-5 Likert scale, mostly dissatisfied)
- **Living Conditions:** 49 (%) lived in owned flats or houses ; 61 (%) for over 5 yrs. Mean SubQoL score: 3.0 (1-5 Likert scale, mixed)

Single-parent families headed by women were the 63% of the total sample.



- **General Health** was positively related with good **finance**, with **sense of personal safety** with **good family relations** and with satisfaction from **access to public health system**.

<u>Nationality</u>	<u>Greek</u> <u>92(%)</u>	<u>Other</u> <u>8(%)</u>			
<u>Age</u>	<u>18-30</u> <u>4(%)</u>	<u>31-45</u> <u>34(%)</u>	<u>46-60</u> <u>56(%)</u>		
<u>Sex</u>	<u>Άνδρες</u> <u>33(%)</u>	<u>Γυναίκες</u> <u>67(%)</u>			
<u>Marital Status</u>	<u>Unmarried</u> <u>16(%)</u>	<u>Married</u> <u>40(%)</u>	<u>Widows</u> <u>5(%)</u>	<u>Divorced</u> <u>20(%)</u>	<u>Seperated</u> <u>19(%)</u>
<u>Children</u>	<u>Yes</u> <u>86(%)</u>	<u>No</u> <u>14(%)</u>			
<u>Number of Children</u>	<u>Up to 2</u> <u>61(%)</u>	<u>3 +</u> <u>25(%)</u>			
<u>Age of Children</u>	<u>0-5 yrs</u> <u>20(%)</u>	<u>6-12 yrs</u> <u>32(%)</u>	<u>13-18</u> <u>23(%)</u>	<u>18+</u> <u>25(%)</u>	
<u>Education</u>	<u>Primary</u> <u>24(%)</u>	<u>Secondary few yrs</u> <u>17(%)</u>	<u>Secondary</u> <u>34(%)</u>	<u>Tertiary</u> <u>24(%)</u>	<u>Postgraduate Diploma</u> <u>1(%)</u>
<u>Religion</u>	<u>Christian Orthodox</u> <u>93(%)</u>	<u>Katholic</u> <u>3(%)</u>	<u>Atheist</u> <u>2(%)</u>		

- 80 % of the beneficiaries cannot pay electricity bills.
- Assessment of need, home visit, report.
- Number of applications: 40 per year.

- Recent studies in the field have emerged that
- Energy poverty and energy vulnerability is linked with high rates of mortality, cardiovascular diseases and respiratory infections treated in Greek Hospitals.
- **Energy vulnerability defines the vulnerable consumer, suggests the financially weak household consumer. It links with social and financial poverty and prosperity and evidently raises health concerns.**

(Science Direct: <http://bit.ly/energypoverty-13>)

ONE QUESTION FOR FURTHER REFLECTION...

How social workers and social care professionals can be more responsive to the actual needs of local social service users?



- HAVE A VISION
- OBTAIN STRONG POLITICAL CONSENSUS AND SUPPORT
- USE THE LAW